

1. Title of the Practice: “Admissions with Free of Charges, Concessions, and Instalments.

2. Goal:

- To maintain the increasing number of students.
- To bring them in the mainstream of education.
- To bridge the gap between rich and poor.
- To bring the deprived students in main stream of education due to economic state.

3. The Context:

Varvand Gram Shikshan Sanstha's Eknath Sitaram Divekar College is established in the year 1993 as a grant-in-aid institution and is affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University in the state of Maharashtra. The college is established with a mission: Vratam Smakam Sakal Janhitam to say —Welfare of everyone and Happiness for All to inculcate qualities in the students from the socially under privileged and deprived rural segment for generating society such as industries, Research and Development, leaders and commercial enterprises. After establishment of the College, the management started working on the issue of economic condition of the students lagging behind from mainstream of the education. It is also noted that many students are applying for concession in fees, admission with free of Charges, from installments etc.

4. The Practice:

We have admission committee to look after and collect the documents regarding economic status of the students and those who are eligible for above Concessions. The College administration takes the decision accordingly and admission is given by as per the criteria.

5. Evidences of the practice:

Institution and college administration make a list of the needy and economically deprived students from all the classes like B.A., B, Sc., and B.Com. B.Sc (Computer Science) and PG. The list is prepared according to their need of the students. Due to this practice we are able to give admission to all the students either poor or rich.

6. The Outcome or Success:

- The number of students increased.
- The college brought the needy students in the main stream.
- We are able to bridge the gap between lower and upper strata of the society.

1. Title of the Practice: “Check Dam”

2. Goals:

- To keep healthy water resource.
- To make sufficient amount of water resource.
- The main aim is to establish check dams in India for Environment Protection.
- It is helpful for —JALYUKT SHIVAR YOJANA implemented by government of Maharashtra
- To aware, encourage and educate the people of the importance of water for agriculture as well as drinking purpose.
- To improve underground water level of the earth.

3. The Context:

It is most essential to develop rural area. College is actively participated in the development of rural area. For this purpose NSS unit of our college organize camps in different villages. In the camps activities like construction of check dams are carried out. It helped farmers and villagers.

4. The Practice:

For the construction of check Dams College organized several social camps with the help of NSS, NCC units, villagers, government authorities and NGOs.

5. Evidence of Success:

Due to construction of check dams in different adopted villages we observed that the students and villagers are totally aware about water saving. The water level of earth is increased. The wells and streams are with sufficient amount of water throughout the year.

6. Problems encountered and resources required:

1. It is difficult to make aware the students and villagers about water saving due to their traditional habits of using water.
2. Matching timing of students, staff members and villagers for check dams construction is an issue.
3. It is difficult to select proper site for check dams construction.
4. The material like sand, stones, cement, gunny bags etc. are not easily available.

Resources Required-

Funds

Experts

Place

Water resource

1. Title of the Practice: “Tree Plantation”

2. Goal:

- To keep healthy atmosphere in college campus.
- To make a pollution free earth
- The main aim is to establish green society of India to be a healthy world.
- To make pollution free earth.
- To creates environmental awareness among the people

- To aware, encourage and educate the people for plantation and protection of the environment

3. The Context:

Tree plantation is initiated by Tree Plantation Committee and the NSS department. The plantation takes place on the campus as well as the nearby area of the institution. Awareness about cleanliness is given to students. Every month meeting of NSS students is conducted by Principal Dr. Shitole L. K. and NSS committee of the college to keep the healthy environmental condition of the college campus. Tree Plantation programme is arranged every year in the college campus. The Plants such as Mango, Nilgiri, Coconut, Tamarind, etc. are planted.

4. The Practice:

We organized various lectures about tree plantation to create awareness among the students of the college. They are guided about plantation of various plants especially in rainy season.

5. Evidence of Success:

Institute organized various programmes for students throughout the year and observed the impact of it on students. Our observations are as follows:

- Due to these activities our college campus as well as adopted villages achieved Greenery. The climate and atmosphere of the area become healthy which is directly related to human health. Tree plantation carried out in well-disciplined manner.

6. Problems encountered and resources required:

- Students are not aware about environmental problems and do not understand the importance of the same.
- Timing of students and staff members matching is an issue.
- Identifying actual problems as students cannot express themselves freely.
- A suitable place for such plantation is a challenge for organizing team.
- Resources required:

- Place
- Funds
- Irrigation facility
- Electricity
- Skilled labour.